

## MYSORE DISTRICT.

*Notification dated 20th January 1908.*

Under orders of Government contained in their Proceedings No. 6675-9—L. B. 236-07-2 of the 13th January 1908, a cattle show will be held at Hemagiri in the Krishnarajpete Taluk, on the 8th February 1908, when the car festival jatra at the place commences. The best exhibits will be given prizes as noted below. Further particulars may be obtained from the Taluk Amildar.

## SCALE OF PRIZES.

1. Agricultural bullocks, 4 prizes of Rs. 20, 15, 10 and 10.
2. Breeding bulls, 2 prizes of Rs. 15 and 10.
3. Bull calves, 4 prizes of Rs. 5 each.

M. KANTARAJ URS,  
*President, Dt. Board.*

## FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Circular No. 2097. -- Dep. 604, dated 23rd January 1908.*

*To—The Deputy Commissioners, Treasury Department, of all Districts and the Officer in charge, State Huzur Treasury, Bangalore.*

As there appears to be some misconception as to the period for which Revenue, Judicial and Personal Deposits should be retained in the Deposit Registers, and when they should be credited to Government, under Article 255 of the Civil Account Code, the undersigned has the honor to issue the following instructions which are merely explanatory of Article 255 of the Code. This office Circular No. 2826—542, dated 20th November 1905, which has apparently given rise to the misconception owing to its being not quite explicit will no longer be quoted.

(1. All deposits will lapse at the close of the first, the second or the third account year following the year of deposit. In no case may they be retained in the Deposit Registers for more than three account years subsequent to the year of deposit.

2. In the case of deposits exceeding one rupee—

(a) If they are partly repaid in the year of deposit, and the balance is thereby reduced to a rupee or less, the balance will lapse at the close of the following year, *i.e.*, the first account year following the year of deposit.

(b) If the balance after repayment or repayments be reduced to a rupee or less in the first account year following the year of deposit, the balance will lapse at the close of the succeeding year, *i.e.*, the 2nd account year following the year of deposit.

(c) In all other cases in which either no repayment is made or the balance after repayment exceeds one rupee, the deposits or the balances of deposits, as the case may be, will lapse at the close of the 3rd account year following the year of deposit.

3. In the case of deposits not exceeding one rupee they will lapse at the close of the first or the second account year following the year of deposit as detailed below. In no case will these deposits be retained in the Deposit Registers for the third account year following the year of deposit:—

(a) If no repayment be made in the year of deposit and also in the year immediately following, the amount will lapse at the close of the latter year.

(b) If a repayment be made in the year of deposit the balance will lapse at the close of the year following the year of deposit irrespective of a repayment being made in the latter year or not.

(c) If no repayment be made in the year of deposit, and one is made in the year immediately following, the balance will lapse at the close of the account year following the latter, *i.e.*, at the close of the second account year following the year of deposit, irrespective of a repayment being made in that year or not.

*Illustrations.*

A. Rs. 50 is deposited on the 17th of December 1907.

Rs. a. p.

1. 49 4 0 is repaid on 14th June 1908.
2. 49 4 0 do 14th June 1909.
3. 30 0 0 do 4th January 1908 and Rs. 19 on 14th June 1908.
4. 26 0 0 do do and Rs. 23-2-0 on 14th June 1909.
5. 5 0 0 do 3rd February 1908.
- 10 0 0 do 4th March 1909.
- 25 0 0 do 6th April 1910.
6. 5 0 0 do 3rd February 1908.
- 10 0 0 do 4th March 1909.
- 15 0 0 do 6th April 1910.
- 15 0 0 do 7th May 1911.

7. No amount is repaid.

B. Re. 0-14-0 is deposited on 17th December 1907.

The following cases may arise:—

Rs. a. p.

1. 0 6 0 is paid on 3rd April 1908 and annas 4 is paid on 4th June 1908.
2. 0 8 0 is paid on 2nd February 1908 and annas 3 is repaid on 9th October 1908.
3. No amount is paid till 30th June 1908 and annas 10 is paid on 4th April 1909.
4. 0 11 0 is paid on 4th June 1908 and no amount is paid in the year 1908-09.
5. No amount is repaid in the years 1907-08 or 1908-09.

A1. The balance of Rs. 0 12 0 lapses on 30th June 1909.

A2. Do on 30th June 1910.

A3. Do „ 1 0 0 do 1909.

A4. Do „ 0 14 0 do 1910.

A5. Do „ 10 0 0 do 1911.

A6. Do „ 5 0 0 do 1911.

A7. The deposit of „ 50 0 0 lapses on 30th June 1911.

B (1), (2) and (4). The balance of deposit lapses on the 30th June 1909.

(3) The balance of deposit lapses on the 30th June 1910.

(5) The deposit lapses on the 30th June 1909.

T. SATYARAJ CHETTY,  
Asst Compt. in charge.

### BANGALORE DISTRICT.

The depositors of the Mysore Government Savings Bank of the Bangalore District may present or send their pass-books to the Bangalore District Treasury for adjustment of interest for the year 1906-07.

T. ROYALU CHETTY,  
Treasury Officer.

### KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notice dated 23rd January 1908.

The Government Savings Bank Depositors of the Kolar District and Taluk Treasuries are requested to present or send their Pass-books at their respective Treasuries for the entry of interest for the year 1906-07.

C. SRIKANTESVARA IYER,  
Dy. Comr.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

Notification No. 1650, dated 7th January 1908.

The public are hereby informed that though Postage Stamps are permitted to be affixed to Receipts in British India, the same is not the case in Mysore and that all receipts executed or passed in the Mysore State should, to be valid in Mysore, be therefore stamped with the Mysore Receipt Stamp of one anna and not with British Postage Stamps.

H. H. SPARKES,  
Stamp Commissioner in Mysore.